THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By Gallaway, Rhea & Cluskey.) MEMPHIS, TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1868. (Volume Ten—Number 31.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Avalanche Office, in Avalanche Building, 22 Jefferson street.

Averyt & Co., E. M., cotton factors and commission merchants, 304½ Front and 6 Jefferson streets.

Allen Brothers, hardware, 232 Main street.

Bogen & Co., D. G., cotton and tobacco factors, Avalanche Building, Jefferson street.

Bonham, Hendrix & Co., distillers, 10 Adams street.

Black, Estes & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Cooper Block, Monroe street.

Blelock & Co., booksellers and stationers, 312 Main street.

Buckly, F., manufacturer of gentlemen's boots and shoes 241 Main street.

Bowen & Co., James T., steamboat agents, 12 Jefferson street.

Cameron & Co., J. H., Finley Churn Dasher, 321 Main street.

Chamberlin & Co., C. F., booksellers and stationers, 127 Main street.

Clarke & Co., S. M., insurance agents, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

Cleaves & Co., C. C., booksellers and stationers, 322 Second street.

Cowperthwait, Chapman & Co., books and stationery, 276½ Main street.

Carolina Insurance Company, of Memphis, Tenn., office 307 Main street.

Craig & Co., R. G., seed store, 279 Main street, in the Jackson Block.

Cobbins, Gunn & Cooper, planing mill and lumber yard, 146, 152 and 154 Washington street.

Connell & Eakin, cotton gin and pickery, foot of Market street.

Cash, J. H., cotton and produce factor, 238 Front street.

Cobbins & Gunn, 120 S founders and machinists, Adams street, near Wolfolk.

Crews & Co., M. C., general auctioneers, 269 Main street.

Christing & Co., J. A., storage for cotton and merchandise Navy Yard.

Davis, A. F., practical house and sign painter, 38 Union street.

Dougherty, Wm., marble works and marble mantel warerooms, 9 Front street, above Market.

Deposite Bank of Memphis, 32 Madison street.

Dickinson & Bro., J. W., cotton factors and commission merchants, 230 Front street.

Dellinger & Co., J., china, glass and queensware, 44 North

European Assurance Society, office 279 Main street.

Emmet Savings Institution, 6 Madison street.

Elson Brothers, dry goods, 307 Main street.

Ferguson, Cordes & Co., grocers, 6.8 Front street.

Fowlkes & Steffey, cotton factors and commission merchants, 236 Second street and 48 Washington.

Fisher, Bankhan & Chapman, groceries and family supplies, 264 Main street.

Fitzgerald & Co., H., grocers, produce dealers and commission merchants, 274 Front street.

Forster, Scarborough & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 30 and 32 Union street.

Franklin Insurance and Banking Company, corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Green & Co., N. S., dealers in whisky, etc., 252 Front street

Gay, Alden, McCrea & Co., wholesale grocers and cotton factors, 376 Front street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 17 Madison street.

Harwood, Larry, Steamboat Agent, No. 14 Jefferson street.

Hill, Strange & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 12 Monroe street.

Hill & Co., John C., cotton and storage warehouse, Court street, near Second.

Haller, Fisher & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 40 Madison street.

Howell Wood & Co., dry goods, Southern Palace, 321 Main street.

Heath, Lewis & Frazer, attorneys, corner Second and Main street.

Ichauer & Fribs dry goods, 2 5 Main street.

Jones, Edward C., architect, 276½ Main street.

Jones, Brown & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 236 Front street.

Jones & Co G. W., wholesale and retail druggists, 227 Main street.

Jones & Co., J. W. A., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 38 Front street, up stairs.

Johnson & Co., W. J., steamboat agents, Star Wharfboat, foot of Jefferson street.

Kerr & Porter, real estate brokers and general agents, No. 2 Exchange Block, corner of Madison and Second.

Keller, Dr. J. M., office Jefferson street, Avalanche Editorial Rooms. Residence at General Hospital.

Kennedy, Williams & Russell, cotton factors and commission merchants, 266 Front street.

Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company, of New York, office 307 Main street, Jackson and Front streets.

Lamb & Co., R. W., cotton and storage warehouse, Adams street, near Bayou.

Lowry & Hodges, cotton factors and commission merchants, 242 Front street.

Lane & Co., P., cotton factors and commission merchants corner of Union and Front streets.

Levett & Co., Joseph S., boot and shoe dealers, corner of Main and Union street.

Lawrence & Carter, general commission and forwarding merchants, 228 Front street.

Levy & Co., A. S., auctioneers, second street, between Union and Gayoso.

Lehmberg, Jacob, agents, boot and shoemakers 281½ Second street.

Lovejoy and Hillier, general steamboat agents and forwarders 14 Jefferson street.

Lowenstein, E., staple and fancy dry goods 242 Main street

Lehmer, Arnold & Co., dry goods, 301 Main street.

Mosely & Co., John R., commission and storage, 252 Front street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Ticket office, second street, corner Court and Main streets.

Moore, Whitfield & Co., cotton factors, storage and general commission merchants, No. 1 Howard's Row.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 6 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 3 Jefferson street, under Commercial Hotel.

Mosby & Dorion, commission merchants, 264 Front street

McCune & Walker, attorneys at law, Bethel Block.

McCombs & Co., sole agents Eagle Cotton Gins, 222½ and 224 Main street.

Magelben & Bro., liquor dealers, 261 Main street.

Mastin & Donegan, cotton factors, commission and forwarding merchants, 34 Union street.

Mardwell & Anderson, marble works, No. 32 Union street, between Second and Third.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailor No. 31 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.

Miles & Stoddard, auctioneers, 271 Main street.

Meakes Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 281 Main street

Mansfield & Higbee, wholesale druggists, 261 and 263 Main street.

Mulford, Clements & Co., storage for cotton and merchandise generally, Poplar street, near river.

Memphis and Ohio Railroad, office 227½ Main street.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, Piem Calvert, Superintendent.

New Memphis Theatre, W. C. Thompson, manager, 36 Second street, below Union.

Neely & Co., J. C., cotton factors and commission merchants, 264 Front street.

Nolan, Lindsey, house and sign painters, glaziers, etc., 37 Jefferson street.

Nathan, Henry, importer and wholesale dealer in wines liquors, etc., 32 Jefferson street.

North American Life Insurance Company, of New York John R Smith, general agent, 226 Front street.

Nortes, Metchez & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 14 Union street.

Power & McGhee, merchant tailors, 238 Second street.

People's Bank of Tennessee, 15 Madison street.

Pomeroy & Co., W. H., General Auctioneers, Vincent Block, Union street.

Perkins, Livingston & Fant, cotton gins, presses and plantation machinery, 230 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Patrick & Co., J. H., cotton factors, 234 Front street.

Postoffice, corner of Third and Jefferson streets.

Planters' Insurance Company of Tennessee, 272 Front street.

Price & Treadwell, wholesale grocers, Lee Block, Union street.

Porter & Herbert, commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Rice, Stix & Co., dry goods, 307 Main street.

Roach & Co., A. G., wholesale grocers, 220 Front street.

Rawlings & Co., J. J., cotton factors and commission merchants, 234 Front street.

Robertson & Carter, cotton factors and commission merchants, 12 Union street.

Robinson & Co., Wm. A., founder and machinists, opposite Gayoso House.

Robeson, Sneed & Co., wholesale clothing, 305 Main street

Rowe, Finney & Co., cotton factors, 18 Union street.

Rogster, Townsend & Co., Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, Ayres Block, Second street.

Stewart, W. L., cotton and commission merchant, 2 Madison alley.

Schebel & Co., J. F., store 224 Main, 222 Main street.

Stone, Horner, wholesale boots and shoes, 235 Mainstreet.

Sullivan, Mrs. Sallie, millinery goods, 227 Main street, over Bonnell's.

Sample, Mitchell & McCauley, cotton factors and commission merchants, 18 Union street.

Stanley, King & Smith, cotton factors and commission merchants, 272 Front street up stairs.

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, McMahon & Co., agents; office, 21 Madison street.

Smith & Leech, wholesale liquor dealers, 242 Second street.

Semmes & Co., B. J., importers and dealers in liquors, 224 Second street.

Shaw & Co., J. S., hardware, 232 Second street.

Swanwick & Co., W. T., lumber dealers, 280½ of Adams street.

Smith, Gwyn, undertaker, 265 northeast corner Gayoso and Second streets.

Toof, S. C., Book and Job Printer, No. 15 West Court street.

Taylor, Cole & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 11 Monroe street.

Thomas & Arnold, dry goods, 305 Main street.

Toof, Phillips & Co., cotton factors, grocers and commission merchants, 262 Front street.

Tennessee State Mutual Insurance Company, of Memphis, office 12 Madison street.

Turner & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 10 Jefferson street.

Tennessee Savings Institution, corner of Court and Main streets.

Tobin, Lynn & Co., cotton factors and grocers, 248 Main street.

Vinson & Donohue, steamboat agents, 234 Front street, up stairs.

Vowell & Hatchett, cotton factors and commission merchants, 260 Front street.

Van Brocklin, auctioneer, 30 Madison street.

Van Vleet, George W., agent Missouri State Lottery, 32 Second street.

Waggoner & Co., J. H., merchant tailors and dealers in ready-made clothing, 291 Main street.

Wagner & Co., J. H., wholesale and retail druggists, 215 Main street.

Webb, S. H., & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Lee Block, Union street.

Wilson & Co., corner Main and Adams streets. C. R. Galloway, proprietor.

White, Kerr & Hooten, cotton factors, general commission merchants and dealers in staple goods, 301 Main street.

Wormeley, Joy & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Adams street, below Main.

Wilcox, J. D., wholesale clothing, 279 Main street.

Wilkinson, Hill & Co., wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 268 Front street.

Wall & Co., Nicola, wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 272 Front street.

Wicks, W. F., notary and commission, 2 Pinckney street.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

Alaska will be paid for.

Mark Twain lectures on "Frozen Truth."

The Nashville *Banner* has been published fifty-three years.

The Surratt trial cost the Government $30,000.

General Grant's real name is Hiram Ulysses Grant.

The little Republic of Switzerland is agitating for more liberty.

The New Yorkers are in ecstacies over Pike and his new opera house.

There are about 20,000 Baptists in Maine, and some 18,000 in Connecticut.

Plymouth, Massachusetts, lost $50,000 the past year in the cod-fishing business.

Senator Butler has spoken against the nomination of Grant.

The *Herald* styles Dana's new paper the "Eclipse of the *Sun*."

Some of the Radical Senators rebel against Sumner's attempt to have Stanton reinstated.

A poor millionaire drew a $30,000 prize in a lottery, at Philadelphia, a day or two ago.

The New York *Mail* says Mrs. Bierstadt was one of the loveliest women in New York.

The State census of Iowa, just completed, gives the population of the State at 902,040—a gain of 147,000 in two years.

Jay Cooke has built for the people of Girardville, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, a neat and capacious Episcopal church.

Belle Boyd, the ex-Confederate female spy, did not "take" the other night in New York as an actress.

Three expeditions to the North pole are now preparing—one in England, one in Prussia and one in France.

Peale's picture of "Washington before Yorktown" is to be presented to General Grant.

It will come hard for Napoleon to send a Minister to Juarez's Court, but he will have to do it.

One-third of the members of the Georgia Constitutional Convention are ex-Confederate soldiers, and they are Radicals.

The jury in the case of Von Solen, at St. Paul, Minnesota, for the murder of Dr. Harcourt, failed to agree and were discharged.

It turns out that General Kilpatrick returns from his Chillian mission to stump the country for General Grant.

Mrs. Lucy Brann, of Davenport, Iowa, an aged lady, has been missing for a week, and it is feared that she has committed suicide.

N. S. Roberts, a prominent lawyer of Warrenton, Maine, blew his brains out last Saturday. Cause—too much strong drink.

The Radicals propose to abolish the office of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, in order to cut down paper.

Thad. Stevens' new bill for the government of the Southern States puts everything in the hands of the negro conventions.

John Nicks, a Radical revenue official at Elmira, New York, has just confessed to a fraud upon the Government of $25,000.

Anna Dickinson is down on Grant. She says his silence is the silence of a ——, well not a wise man.

Napoleon has $7,500,000 a year for spending money; Francis Joseph half as much; King William $3,500,000, and Victoria even less.

Rev. C. W. Mannikatt came very near getting shot in Richmond, Virginia, the other day, for his impudent abuse of better men.

The Prince of Wales has, and will soon publish, a book of poems; so they say in Paris.

The New York *Mail* says the cleverest writers for the *Atlantic Monthly* do not make $500 a year by writing for that magazine.

"Old Father Lockart," supposed to be not far from one hundred and fifteen years of age, died at Oskaloosa, Iowa, on the 30th ultimo.

Mr. Thornton, the new British Minister to Washington, is to receive a salary of $30,000 in gold. Sir Frederick Bruce received $22,500, on which he could scarcely get along.

Three deputy revenue collectors at Poughkeepsie, New York, have resigned on account of the insufficiency of their salary to support them, and they were too honest to steal.

Fanny Kemble, prior to returning to Europe in March, will read in Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

General John Beatty has been nominated or Congress, in place of Hon. C. S. Hamilton, deceased, by the Republican Convention for the Eighth Ohio District.

A city missionary of Chicago reports that there are eight hundred houses of prostitution and three thousand five hundred courtesans in Chicago.

Leroy Estis, seventeen years old, is in jail in Gibson county, Indiana, charged with rape upon a child of John Rutledge, only eight years old.

In Fulton, Hickman, Ballard and McCracken counties, Kentucky, clay is found from which queensware can be made; it is claimed to be fully equal to any imported.

The borough of Columbia, in Thad. Stevens' own county, in Pennsylvania, elected Democrats to all the local offices last Monday, for the first time in twelve years.

Charles H. Sweetser, of the New York *Mail*, has started a spicy, wide-awake morning penny paper, called the *Globe*, which has proved a success from the start.

Caleb Cushing is hard at work on his codification of the Statutes at Large, a portion of which will be submitted to Congress at the present session.

Napoleon has introduced a new gold coin. On one side is stamped "5 dollars—25 francs." This is the first step toward a universal decimal currency, adapted to all nations.

George Francis Train writes to the editor of the New York *World* that if he will come out in favor of paying the public debt in greenbacks the circulation of that paper would be increased.

The *Southern Opinion* credits the wife of John Hickman, of Pennsylvania, with peremptorily ordering Fred Douglass to leave her house, after John Hickman had brought him there.

On Tuesday two fatal accidents occurred on the Dubuque and Sioux City railroad. Frank Best, an employe was ran over and killed at Dubuque, and William Philo, a brakesman, was fatally injured at Waterioo.

General Grant has received a number of applications from relatives and friends of officers who died of yellow fever in the Southern States during the past summer, requesting that their remains be forwarded to their homes in various parts of the country.

By the report of Secretary Seward, sent to Congress, it appears that twenty-one States have given official notice of the ratification of the Fourteenth Congressional Amendment. Maine has ratified the Amendment, but has neglected to give official notification of the fact to the State Department. It has been given out that Ohio and New Jersey, having elected Democratic Legislatures, will repeal their ratification of the Amendment.

General John A. McClernand, in a letter to the Springfield (Illinois) *Register*, gives Colonel Radeau, who is writing Grant's life, a lively going over, and says some hard things of Grant, whom, a reviewer of the book in the Chicago *Times* says, was drunk at Donaldson and Shiloh.

A Christmas dinner was given in honor of Admiral Semmes, by Governor Magoffin, at Harrodsburg, Kentucky. There were a number of distinguished ladies and gentlemen present, to meet the Admiral. Among the names we find that of Mrs. Laura Reed, of Mississippi.

The United States Supreme Court stands about as follows on the constitutionality of the reconstruction laws: Chase, Miller, Swayne and Davis in favor; and Green, Wilson, Clifford and Field against. Grier's position on the subject is not known, and it is thought that Judge Davis' may change.

General Thomas Ewing, once Secretary of the Treasury, has written a letter on the finances. He opposes McCulloch, favors Ben. Butler, and urges the consolidation of the whole debt into four per cent. gold bonds. He favors the payment of the public debt in gold only, when so contracted.

Speaking of the great pictures on the walls of the rotunda at the Capitol, a correspondent says: "Washington looks as if he were just about to join in a promenade of 'all hands round' with the Genius of Fame, whose face and figure are said to be a very good likeness of one of the most stylish and fashionable of the *demi monde* of Washington."

The London correspondent of the Chicago *Journal* says: "I ventured, one day this week, up to the beggarly den in the back slum, known as the American Legation, and found it more beggarly than ever. It is positively a disgrace to the nation, and has become the common talk of the town. I am speaking of the premises, remember, and not of their daily occupants."

A lady in Great Barrington, Massachusetts, recently gave birth to a female child, on the back of whose head was a protuberance in perfect resemblance of the prevailing "waterfall." Even the marks of the ribbon with which they are usually tied on were plainly shown on the child's neck. It was alive when born, but soon afterward died.

The vote by which Edmund Cooper was rejected as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, leaves no hope that he can secure a reconsideration. The manner in which he was appointed impresses Senators with the idea that the President meant to force him into office against the will of the Senate. If he persists it is thought he may be trying to keep the place under the statute of 1793.

The New York beggars must "move on." Superintendent Kennedy has issued an order to his subordinates commanding them to arrest all persons soliciting alms in the public thoroughfares and on ferry boats. The practice, he says, is come to be a positive nuisance, and he is determined to abate it. The order includes little girls who sweep the crossings on rainy days.

On Wednesday night, says the Kansas City *Journal of Commerce*, G. W. Chipman, of Independence, was shot by his son-in-law. It is said that Chipman, who was intoxicated, attempted to put his little grandson in the fire. His father interfered, and drawing his revolver shot the old man three times—once through the head, once in the neck, and once through the heart.

Judge Albert G. Greene, who died at Cleveland, Ohio, last Friday, 3d instant, at the advanced age of sixty-five, was the writer, many years ago, of the threnody "Old Grimes," and of the "Baron's Last Banquet." Of late years he has been a judge in Providence, Rhode Island. He had one of the finest private libraries in the country, which comprised some 20,000 volumes.

The annual sales of pews occurred in Beecher's church, Brooklyn, on the night of the 7th. The pews and extra chairs were appraised at $12,800, and the premiums offered exceeded the sum of $36,736 50, making the total income of the church from pew rent alone (for the premiums may be considered as included in the rent,) $48,736 60.

ALABAMA ITEMS.

Mr. R. L. Hawkins died at Lafayette, last Thursday, from hemorrhage of the lungs.

The Haynesville *Chronicle* is suspended until better times.

Colonel John H. Hansell, Register in Chancery, died at Moulton on the 29th ultimo.

The *Vindicator* announces that a postoffice will be opened in a few days at Bridgeport, to be supplied tri-weekly from Camden.

At Huntsville, Friday, Rev. Mr. Dewitt and his wife were thrown from a buggy, and painfully, but not dangerously injured.

The body of E. G. Marable was found in an outhouse at Lafayette, Sunday morning. Verdict, "death from inebriation."

The Conservative Club at Montgomery was addressed Monday night by General Holtzclaw—his first speech since the war.

General W. A. Austin, of Jackson county, one of the most proscriptive members of the convention, has declared himself opposed to any disfranchisement whatever.

Messrs. Sanders and Harrison, imprisoned at Haynesville for killing McCall, have been held to bail in $6,000 and $1,500 respectively. Neither had given bail at last accounts.

A negro at Selma was injured, fatally it is supposed, Sunday, in attempting to jump on a car that had just started. His right arm was amputated at the shoulder joint, and the thigh and one leg are badly fractured.

A large "white man's" meeting was held at Selma Monday, Dr. A. G. Mabry presiding, General Clanton and others making speeches. A Democratic Club was formed and delegates to Montgomery were appointed.

The Tuscumbia *North Alabamian* says that his Excellency Governor Patton was in that city last week en route for Nashville on private business. He was remarkably reticent on political matters.

The "Hatton Place," in Madison county, about 1,000 acres of land, with mill, gin, dwelling, etc., sold last week for $5,000—one-fifth cash, balance in one and two years without interest—only $5 per acre. Before the war it would have been considered cheap at fifteen dollars.

Sam. Taylor, a negro, arrested in Montgomery for petty larceny and pretending to be a deserting soldier, has been identified as the leader of a band of desperate thieves for two years past. He was confronted with Dan. Payne, one of the gang, now in jail, and pretended not to know him, but Dan. cursed him as having been the cause of his being in his present condition.

The Selma *Times* learns that Jno. W. Henley was murdered at Demopolis, Saturday, by Dr. James R. Jones, formerly a member of the Legislature from Marengo county. The murderer fled. We have no particulars as to the cause of the act. Mr. Henley had been lately admitted to the bar at Demopolis, and was universally esteemed.

The Montgomery *Advertiser* of the 4th, says: We regret to chronicle the sudden death of George Harrett. He committed suicide about six o'clock yesterday morning, while lying in bed. The weapon used was a pistol, and the ball penetrated his head. Mental depression on account of the anomalous state of affairs, is assigned as the cause.

We understand, says the Eutaw *Whig*, that planters will have no difficulty in employing laborers for the present year, as the freedmen are not only willing but anxious to contract. The rates that planters are offering generally, we learn, are one-third of the crop, the laborer furnishing or paying for his own rations; or one-fourth, the employer furnishing the rations. When wages are paid, we judge that seven to eight dollars per month will be about the ruling rates for first class hands.

H. M. Bush, recently nominated by the Montgomery County Convention, writes to the *Sentinel*: "You will please drop my name from the County ticket, supposed to have been nominated by a County Convention on the 28th ultimo; but really nominated days before by a colored league. I cannot believe any honest Republican will support a ticket concocted in any such manner." Mr. Bush is recently from the North.

The Mobile *Times* of the 7th, says, the riotous spirit infused into the colored men by the cowardly leaders of the Radical faction, has again manifested itself at Bladon Springs. For some days past the unemployed negroes of the neighborhood have come to the Springs in large bodies, armed with guns, swords and bludgeons, camping in front of private residences, discharging their muskets singly and in volleys without any cause, and threatening to help themselves to whatever they want.

TRAVELER'S LETTER.

Aspect of Affairs in West Tennessee, North Mississippi and North Alabama—Gloomy Prospects in Mississippi—Better State of Things in West Tennessee and Kentucky—"Old Hardeman" and its Capital, Bolivar—Corinth—Huntsville—Christmas at Lagrange, Tennessee—"Christmas Trees"—Rev. J. N. Schwar.

LAGRANGE, Tenn., New Year, 1868.

I greet you, O faithful and renowned AVALANCHE, with the compliments of the season, and cordially wish you and yours a happy and prosperous NEW YEAR! May the year of grace, one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-eight, be a grand and notable improvement on its immediate predecessors, for us all!

Recently, I have had occasion to visit (on business) a large portion of that extensive "bailiwick" or district in West Tennessee, North and Middle Mississippi, and North Alabama, in which the AVALANCHE bears the palm, and is regarded as the truest and boldest exponent of the rights of the oppressed people of our section, and of the great principles of Constitutional Liberty, in all the South. Everywhere I have been, there is endless complaint of "hard times;" but, it seemed to me that North and Middle Mississippi were suffering more severely from the "pressure," than any other region visited by me, or in fact any other I could hear of. It was the testimony of all, that the farther South you might go, the worse became the condition of the people. In West Tennessee, in the counties along the line of the "Mississippi Central" and the Memphis and Louisville railroads, the people of all classes, colors and conditions, are in a far better state of preparation to meet the contingencies of the future than they are anywhere else I have yet been. They complain a good deal of the scarcity of money, but their barns and smoke houses are full, while in Mississippi and Alabama (the former especially) they not only complain of the almost utter destitution of a circulating medium, but in many places they aver that there is not enough corn and provisions to carry them beyond the first of April.

In Middle Mississippi, for instance, the farmers talked of hiring "hands" for the present year for their food and lodging alone; while in Kentucky (as I was informed by an intelligent stock raising farmer of Logan county) ordinary field hands were easily commanding $200 a year, with food and lodging furnished by the employer. The same gentleman stated that it was a striking fact that, starting from the region around Canton and Jackson, Mississippi, where many of the people seemed to be on the verge of utter destitution, and proceeding Northward, the condition of affairs improved slowly at every step of the way until you reached the heart of Kentucky, where, although money might be a little scarce, yet everything else "good for food for man or beast," existed in the greatest abundance. He made another observation which, though not exactly appropriate to the subject, was equally striking: He said that a single stout, able bodied, intelligent white laborer, could, with the improved implements of agriculture, on the average lands in his section of country, make grain and provisions enough every year, to subsist a thousand men. Other Kentuckians with whom I have conversed corroborate this statement as substantially almost, if not quite true." No wonder the prices of land and the wages of labor in that State keep up, while they are going down every where else—in the South, at least.

In my peregrinations through the country of late, I have found no people more cheerful or more hopeful of the future, in these gloomy times, than are those of the good and "great" old county of Hardeman, in this State. This may be accounted for mainly on the ground that the population of that county is made up mostly of brave, self-reliant men; but, there is, perhaps, another reason that has something to do with it, and that is, that they have not of late years made so many, nor such disastrous crop failures as their neighbors in the adjacent counties—particularly those of Marshall and Tippah, in Mississippi; nor have they devoted themselves so exclusively and so blindly to the production of cotton. Add to this, that they are, and for many years have been, esteemed the best and most thrifty farmers in all the region for one hundred miles around Memphis, and the secret of their comparative cheerfulness and prosperity in the midst of the surrounding gloom, and in some places impending famine, is fully disclosed. Notwithstanding the almost unexampled pecuniary distress of the times everywhere else South of them, the people of Hardeman generally are still able to pay their debts, and have enough left to carry them comfortably through another year, or at least until another crop can be grown and gathered. They also find themselves able to rebuild their courthouse (burned by the Federal soldiery) on a scale of "substantial magnificence" seldom surpassed even in the most flourishing times. The contract has been taken by one of your energetic Memphis firms, at an estimate of $25,000; the foundations have been laid; the walls are being built up as the weather permits—having already reached a hight of six or eight feet; and the work will no doubt be pushed through to the earliest completion possible under the circumstances. Besides the courthouse, other substantial buildings, public and private, are in process of erection, while many others have been completed since the war, which adorn the town and help to fill up the unsightly "gaps" made by "the sword and the torch" of that evil time. All honor to brave old Hardeman, "always gay," and her beautiful little capital—prosperous and flourishing Bolivar. May her people ever enjoy their well-won reputation of being the best farmers in West Tennessee, and the best and safest, because the promptest and most prudent, customers of Tennessee's commercial metropolis —your own good city of Memphis!

On the line of that admirably managed road, the Memphis and Charleston, Corinth and Huntsville exhibit more signs of real progress than perhaps any other business points. The former, considering the times, shows an astonishing number of newly and neatly substantial improvements. One of Memphis' oldest merchants, E. Barinds, Esq., I observe, has just established himself there in the wholesale rectifying liquor business, and so soon as the affairs of the financial world shall brighten up a little, will assuredly enter on a career of success commensurate with his most sanguine anticipations; for, had he searched the Union over, no better locality, as a distributing point, for that branch of business could have been found. As for Huntsville, that most beautiful Empress—Queen of inland, Piedmontese cities—I must reserve what I had to say about lovely, gemlike, perfect Huntsville, with its wondrous river-fountain and natural water works, its peerless hotel, its Parthenon-like county court house, its palatial dwellings, and its soon-to-be-reinaugurated gas works, for another letter.

The Christmas holidays, in this most ancient of West Tennessee towns (Lagrange) passed off quietly enough, as was, indeed, the case throughout the whole of the surrounding region, both in Mississippi and Tennessee. The times are too hard—too adamantine hard—to allow the people to be jovial. The utter breaking down of the experiment of free African labor, with the fall in the price of cotton, has so impoverished the country, that a majority of our people seem to have lost all heart of hope. Almost the only mentionable festivities we have had, have been of a religious and semi-religious character, in connection with Christmas as a festival of the church, and the birth of our Saviour. A "Christmas tree" for the Sunday school children of the Episcopal church having been inaugurated by the Rev. Mr. J. N. Schwrar, Rector of Immanuel church here, and of Otey chapel, near Memphis, the leading members of the other denominations followed suit, and for a night or two before Christmas day the hearts of all the young folks were madegiad by four or five large "Christmas trees" in full bearing.

Christmas Day—the highest and grandest of all the church's festivals—commemorating the Incarnation of our Blessed Lord—was appropriately observed by services (the Rector officiating) in old Immanuel church, first, at early dawn; again at eleven a.m., with a most apposite and eloquent discourse by Mr. Schwrar; and again at five p.m., when the celebration of the august anniversary was brought to a close. The labors of Mr. Schwrar, and his character as an able, industrious and learned ambassador of Christ, deserve more than a passing notice. A native of the State of Maryland, where in early youth (at Annapolis) he laid the foundations of a fine classical education, he removed, soon after receiving his degree, to the West, and, having plied at Memphis, was for several years known to the mercantile community of that city as bookkeeper and confidential assistant in the old established house of Farrington & Howell. Subsequently, having prepared himself for the priestly office, he was admitted to holy orders in the Protestant Episcopal church, and, when the war broke out, enlisted heart and hand on the side of his beloved country, and served as a faithful, devoted, and *working* chaplain, to one of the Tennessee regiments of infantry, through four years of privation and toil, down to the disastrous close. Returning to his adopted home, in the summer of 1865, he was offered a most lucrative and confidential position in one of the first mercantile establishments of your city—where, as everywhere he is known, he has troops of friends—but, true to his holy calling, and preferring a life of toil in the service of the Master to the ease and blandishments of an assumed position as a merchant, he declined the tempting offer, and undertook at once the pastoral charge of the congregation at "Otey Chapel," ten miles southeast of Memphis, to which the Episcopal authorities soon after added the congregation at this place. Alternating between these two charges, he spends two consecutive weeks of every month with each parish; and it is not too much to say, that, during the last eighteen months he has so labored and preached in this arduous field—his allotted portion of the vineyard—as already to win a name in the church and in the world, which visibly brightens day by day, and gives promise of higher and wider usefulness as the months roll on. Wherever Mr. Schwrar has gone—in the army and here at home—he has made warm, admiring and attached friends, friends indeed, *heart* friends, who are ever ready to stand by him like true brothers. Still in the prime of young manhood, warm hearted, brotherly in the best and highest sense of that grand word, (which, after all, sounds the key note of all progress, all civilization, all religion in this world,) he is just the man to make a good recruiting officer to fill up, in these dark days, the war wasted battalions of the church militant. Devoted to his present parishioners, none of whom are so circumstanced as to be able to make up to him such a salary as he richly deserves, he has recently declined several brilliant offers from the Bishops and congregations of other States and parishes—feeling that his duty was here, that the care of souls committed to him here, among a people whom he loved, was above and beyond all considerations of personal ease or preferment. Self sacrifice, so pure and lofty, is rare in these latter days, and should be honored wherever found. Assuredly, such a man deserves honorable mention.

J. P. P.

A late number of the St. Louis *Times* says: "There are eighty-seven lawyers in the lower House of Congress, together with Drake in the Senate, who counts as many more in his own estimation, none of whom have been able to devise an amendment to the reconstruction act which shall sufficiently hamper the President as to permit the carrying out of the Radical schemes. "The devilish cunning of Jere Black," one Radical paper asserts, is too much, while the Cincinnati *Gazette* asserts that it is the President who has been overrated.

AN INTERESTING LETTER.

The State Convention—Henry S. Foote.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: I was pleased to see the address to the Legislature by Governor Foote. It foreshadows very plainly the culminating sentiment of the State. The effort to rule the State of Tennessee and use her revenues for the profit of a small clique of selfish political traders by means of the negro vote, is so absurd and wicked that it can only excite the indignation of an intelligent people. The suggestions of Governor Foote are wise and prudent, and if heeded by the Legislature in time will save much trouble and vexation. That the State government is to be corrected, is a fixed fact. The balance is only a question of method. Let the Legislature at once provide for a convention, to be composed of delegates elected by the untrammeled suffrage of the people of the State, who shall meet at an early day. Such a convention, called at the instance of the Legislature, would meet in a spirit of moderation; disturbed by no freshly excited passions, and fully prepared to act under the influences of calm and sober reflection. If this is not done then it is certain that the white people of the State will take such steps as are necessary and proper to relieve themselves from negro rule. If any one doubts their right to do so, I ask him to look at the very first section of the Constitution of the State, which reads thus: "That all power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded upon their authority, and instituted for their peace, safety and happiness; and for the advancement of their ends. They have *at all times* an inalienable and indefeasible right to alter, reform or abolish the Government *in such manner as they may think proper.*"

This is the first section of the "Bill of Rights." Now read the last section of the Constitution. It is as follows:

"The declaration of rights hereto prefixed is declared to be a part of the Constitution of this State, and shall never be violated on any pretense whatever. And to guard against transgression of the high powers we have delegated, we declare that everything in the bill of rights contained is excepted out of the general powers of government, and shall forever remain inviolate."

The point here guarded with so much care and caution is simply this: The Government of the State is a government of consent, and not one of force; that the people of the State, in the aggregate, are the sovereign or supreme power in the State; that they, and they alone, are *per se* clothed with the power to make laws and frame and shape the Government of the State, and that this right is inalienable, that it cannot be surrendered or given up to another; and "indefeasible" subject to no conditions or forfeiture. That this unrestricted right is inherent in the people, not derived from another by purchase, gift or grant, but by the great law of nature inherent in the people, and constitutes a part of their very nature. That the *time* and *mode* of exerting this great power for the advancement of their peace and happiness is subject to their own discretion and will—under the guidance of their own judgment. And, finally, that both the power and the mode of its exercise are reserved to the people, and "excepted out of the general powers of the Government." By this it will be perceived that the people are not dependent upon the Legislature for authority to alter their organic law, as they have never granted that power, but have expressly reserved it to themselves. In the third section of the eleventh article of the Constitution, the people have authorized their *servants* to propose changes in the Constitution according to prescribed rules. But these proposed changes must first go to the people and receive their sanction before they are of any binding force. This is a naked right to propose a change, not a right to make one, and even that poor privilege shall not be exercised oftener than once in six years. The people themselves, however, have expressly retained the power not to propose changes, but to *make them at such times and "in such manner as they may think proper."* The proposition, therefore, to call a convention by Legislative act, is a mere prudential question, and if they were to do so they would have no right to say that any portion of the people of the State should not vote, for that a convention *should* assemble, or they to direct an election to be held, and if the people voting for delegates should also vote for the meeting of the convention, then it shall meet, and when so elected and so convened, the convention would represent the sovereignty of the State, not by virtue of any legislative act, but by virtue of the sovereign power *inherent in the people.* A convention so assembled, as I have already said, would meet in a spirit of fairness and moderation, prepared to do full justice to all classes.

CAMDEN.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MONDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES.

Gen. Meade Removes Governor Jenkins.

The President Directs Him to Suspend His Order.

Rumors and Gossip from Washington

Forthcoming Diplomatic Nominations.

Expected Negro Outbreak at Havana.

Chili Suffers the Consequences of War.

Coerced.

He Must Honor the Convention's Bill.

NEW YORK, January 13.—A special to the *Herald* reports that the President has directed General Meade to suspend his order removing Governor Jenkins. The removal caused intense excitement among citizens of Atlanta.

The *Times'* Atlanta special states that General Meade has removed Governor Jenkins, and appointed General Rogers, at present commandant, in his place, and not General Dana as reported. General Meade also removed State Treasurer Jones and put Captain Rochwell, of the ordnance corps, in his place.

There is reason to believe that Mr. Osburn will to-morrow withdraw his resolution petitioning Congress to remove the present officers, or give the convention the power to do so, with the authority to fill the vacancies created thereby.

The *Times'* Washington special says General Meade telegraphed to General Grant for instruction relative to the removal of the State Treasurer of Georgia, in case the latter should resist the execution of any order directing the members of the Convention to be paid out of the State Treasury. General Grant instructed General Meade to remove the Treasurer at once, if he makes any resistence to orders.

NEW YORK, January 13.—The *Herald's* special from Santiago, 5th instant, says: Taxes here are insupportable. House owners are abandoning their estates, and small farmers are giving up cultivation. The Government employees and naval lieutenants are closing up, the professors refusing to continue without the payment of their salaries. Most of the officers in the custom house have been removed. The city government is forty thousand dollars in arrears to the gas company for lighting the streets. The police are ineffective, and the frequency of burglaries and robberies is unparalleled.

A special to the *Times* says Stanton will probably be reinstated by Congress to-day.

The bill requiring two-thirds of the Supreme Court to concur in any decision on any constitutional question will be pushed through, although it is reported that the opposition will filibuster against it.

The *Herald's* Washington special says that Alex. H. Stephens takes a very desponding view of affairs at the South. He says he sees nothing in the future but gloom and dissolution, as the result of the reconstruction policy. He thinks it will be the destruction of either the black or the white race.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says S. S. Cox's name will be sent to the Senate to-day for the Austrian mission, and ex-Governor Ford's as Minister to Ecuador. Several friends of Mayor Hoffman are pressing him for the Austrian mission.

PITTSBURG, January 13.—River falling, with four and a half feet in the channel.

HAVANA, January 9.—It is r

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY REGISTER.—We are authorized to announce CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, of Memphis, as a candidate for the office of County Register, at the coming March election, subject only to the decision of the Conservative party. jan7

FOR COUNTY REGISTER.—I am a candidate for re-election in the office of Register of Shelby county, at the March election, subject however to the decision of the Conservative party.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON.

FOR COUNTY REGISTER.—We are authorized to announce the name of W. KING as a candidate for the office of Register of Shelby county, at the election in March, subject only to the decision of the Union Valley party. jan

TOWNSHIP OF SHELBY COUNTY.
BARTLETT, January 7, 1868.

We are authorized to announce JAMES MOORE as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing election, subject only to the decision of the Conservative party.

Respectfully,
H. L. PRIDDY.

We are authorized to announce AMOS [illegible] as a candidate for re-election to the office of sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March election. jan8

We are authorized to announce [illegible] as a candidate for Tax Collector at the ensuing March election. de3

WANTS.

WANTED—A first-class Book-keeper; one who can furnish satisfactory security and recommendations. Address, immediately, with name and reference, [illegible] jan15

WANTED—A GOOD WAITER—To whom a liberal salary will be given. Apply at the Commercial Hotel. jan15

WANTED—AGENTS—Male and Female—To whom we will give employment at their own homes, the whole of the time or for the spare moments only. The business is new, light, honorable and pleasant, and such as any person of either sex, old or young, can go into with profit. Every one who sees our new FAMILY SEWING MACHINE wants one, and a little exertion in their behalf will secure a large income. The cloth cannot be drawn or puckered, and every machine is warranted for three years. We will pay a salary of $75 per month, or a commission, if preferred. Address Home Shuttle Sewing Machine Co., Boston, Mass., or Pittsburg, Pa. jan15

WANTED—AGENTS—To sell the celebrated LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES. Machines will sell at sight. Liberal inducements offered. Address [illegible] jan15

WANTED—AGENTS—To sell the celebrated SEWING MACHINES. Machines will find a ready sale. Liberal inducements offered. Address [illegible] jan15

WANTED—AGENTS—To sell the celebrated LOCK-STITCH

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

TUESDAY, : : : : : : JANUARY 14, 1868

VOLUME III. MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 14, 1868. NUMBER 318

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail Daily	7:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
Grand Junction Accommodation (daily except Sunday)	4:00 P.M.	10:30 A.M.
Somerville Accommodation (daily, except Sunday)	9:35 A.M.	5:10 P.M.

Railroad time eleven minutes faster than city time. Ticket offices, 224 Main street and at Depot.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express—Daily	7:30 P.M.	7:50 P.M.
Mail & Accommodation	7:30 P.M.	7:50 P.M.
Freight	6:00 P.M.	6:30 P.M.
Express mail daily. Accommodation and Freight daily except Sunday. Time to New Orleans 24 hours and 5 minutes.		

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	4:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Night Express	1 A.M.	1:30 P.M.
Freight & Accommodation	10:30 A.M.	4:00 P.M.

Railroad time 18 minutes faster than city time. Office No. 207½ Main street. Depot head of Main street.

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Wheeling, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Albany, New York, Boston, &c., and all points north and west, 2:15 p.m.

For Mississippi, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile & New York, Nashville and all other points east, at 12:30 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Vicksburg, Natchez, Shreveport, Texas, &c., at 5:00 p.m.

All boats to or Mississippi and Tennessee Southern and New Orleans Northern Railroads, at 2:15 p.m.

All Stations on the Memphis and Louisville and Branch Railroads, at 4:00 p.m.

All Stations on the Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and EAST mails—Rules do at 12:15 p.m.

GEORGE C. SMITH, Postmaster.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Our city patrons are requested not to pay any one for subscriptions to the AVALANCHE without a certificate from the office authorizing them to collect.

GALLAWAY, REEA & CLUSKEY.

NOTICE.—The proprietors of the AVALANCHE will from this date (7th day of December, 1867) refuse to pay the individual bills of any person connected with the paper. No debts against the AVALANCHE will be paid unless they originate in the office.

BURGLARY.—The store of H. Marks, No. 162 Main street, was entered early Monday morning by the rear door, and six sacks of feathers and a bedstead carried off.

COW STOLEN.—A cow was stolen from H. D. Hasig, No. 154 Alabama street, on Monday. It is supposed that mulley was served up yesterday at various tables manufactured into beef.

THE WAY BAIL IS TAKEN.—There were over fifty forfeitures taken in the Criminal Court yesterday. First, Dr. P. D. Beecher, and then came about fifty other niggers.

RIVER THIEVES.—Two barrels of butter were stolen yesterday from the steamer Salvor, while lying out at our wharf. The supposition is that they were carried off in a skiff.

Corner of Jefferson and Third streets, at ten o'clock this morning, W. H. Passmore & Co. sell the entire furniture of the Hotel de Europe. Bargains can be had by attending this sale.

COMMITTED.—John Graw, Thomas Smith, and J. A. Vandike, all negroes, were committed to jail, yesterday, by Squire Moore, on the charge of horse stealing. Send up some more of them, Squire.

ACCIDENT.—Saturday afternoon the daring bareback rider of Costillo's circus, fell from the back of his horse, and for a time was rendered insensible. We are glad that his fall resulted in nothing serious.

HORSE THIEF.—George Anderson, a negro, was committed yesterday by Squire Moore, on the charge of horse stealing. He had been out of jail but a few weeks, and is now occupying his old quarters.

ANOTHER.—A lad, a son of Mr. John W. Woods, was knocked down last night, on Shelby street, between Beale and Linden, and robbed of $22 Three men were concerned in the affair. This is the third or fourth robbery which has been committed in this neighborhood, and not an arrest made yet.

ROBBERY.—G. W. Bowman stole, on Saturday, from Mrs. Bowman and A. Brock a ladies' gold watch, valued at one hundred and thirty dollars, and another one which was worth fifty dollars, besides about one hundred and forty-two dollars money. No clue has as yet been obtained as to his whereabouts, and it is supposed that he has left the city.

GRAND CONCERT.—There will be a grand concert given by the amateurs of Memphis on Thursday evening, the 16th inst., at the Varieties Theatre Opera House, for the benefit of St. Mary's church, on Poplar street. From the preparations in progress and the talent which will participate, we think we can guarantee that it will be a grand success.

APOLOGETIC.—Through some inadvertance, the report in relation to the ejection of Dr. J. M. Keller, as city Hospital Physician was omitted from our columns on Sunday. We are the much more chagrined on this account, as he is a gentleman whom we both as a man and a surgeon. On the nomination by the Mayor of Dr. Keller the vote stood thus: Keller, 13; blank, 5; Irwin, 2.

FIRE.—About five o'clock yesterday afternoon, a fire broke out in the old ice house of Bohlen, Huse & Co., on Washington street, near Third. Quite a storm was prevailing at the time, and the engines had much difficulty in reaching the cisterns, owing to the slippery condition of the street. The fire was put out without much loss being sustained.

SUNDAY SCHOOL DISTRIBUTION.—At the annual distribution of premiums to the pupils of St. Peter's Sunday school, Miss Mollie Trobig and John Mc Mullen received gold medals. About 500 premiums, consisting of medals, books, pic-ures, etc., were given out. The distribution took place Sunday, the auspices of the Christian Doctrine Association.

CONFIDENCE.—A negro named Charles Smith put another negro, named Williams, through a course of sprouts with a patent rack, to the tune of five dollars. Williams refused to see the joke, and would not give up his money. Smith was not to be stood off that way, so he snatched up the five dollars, and was in process of snatching himself away, when Officer Cusick snatched him, and he is at present in the First District stationhouse.

ATTENTION, CLAIMANTS.—We call the attention of those having claims against the United States Government—bounty, pension, arrears of pay, or quartermaster claims—to the advertisement of Messrs. Moyers & Dedrick, 46 North Court street, the most reliable and successful claim agents in the country. They have already collected nearly a million dollars, and are daily in receipt of bounty certificates, and have collected some of the largest quartermaster claims filed in the South. Call at once. They are reliable, prompt, energetic and trustworthy. 1t

THE NEW MEMPHIS.—Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather the theater was crowded. The piece selected was Hamlet, and Mr. Booth's playing of this character was truly artistic, and but few faults could be found with it by even the most captious and critical. It is but seldom that a more finished performance is seen. The other characters were cast up to the full strength of the company, and Ophelia suffered in the hands of those who have not seen it should not miss this opportunity, as they may not have another.

VARIETIES THEATER.—This place of amusement is crowded nightly, and Manager Broom deserves much credit for the manner his pieces are placed upon the stage, and the great reformation at which he has taken place in the surroundings of this theater. Miss Helen DeVere, who will be recollected as the favorite in Deagle's "Tale of Enchantment," nightly pleases the audience, and she is here what she has always been on every stage on which she has appeared—a favorite. Mr. Broom has a ballet troupe of twelve female performers, who nightly, after night appear, and go through their most beautiful evolutions.

RECEIVING STOLEN GOODS.—D. J. Davis was arrested yesterday, on the charge of receiving stolen goods, but if his statement of the affair is true, we cannot perceive the receiving part. It appears that, a day or two ago, a man came to his trading boat, and purchased of him a quantity of breadstuffs, and told him that he would call presently and pay for his purchase, and asked Davis to allow him to leave his gun in the boat until he should come after the breadstuffs. To this Davis agreed, but the man did not return, and yesterday Davis was arrested for having the gun in his possession, it having been stolen. He will be examined this morning.

A PRISONER.—Percival Allen, a negro, came up yesterday afternoon before Squire Moore, for the purpose of proving that George Anderson was not a horse thief. It appears that Percival can read and write, and that he forged the bill of sale by which the said Anderson held the horse, as was proved to the satisfaction of the Squire. As a writist Percival is not a success, although, if not turned loose by the interposition of his Beechcrite friends, he will probably succeed in writing himself into the penitentiary. He was then sent to the first district stationhouse, there to remain until the State was ready to prosecute him.

FOR ONE WEEK LONGER.—GREAT BARGAINS IN HATS.—Madame Guilmard, No. 62½ Jefferson street, has concluded to keep her establishment open for one week more. Her stock is the finest in the city, and among it may be found hair braids of every shade and length; braided waterfalls, ready mounted, and in larger quantity; large puffed imitation hair braids, a new and fashionable article, and only $2 apiece; real hair fancy puffs, for the back of the head, all colors; large lot of the inimitable French hair pins; Ogden's first premium fancy French soap, and Condray's French hair oil. A new supply of puffs for braids, and other articles too numerous to mention. The Madame will positively leave for New York next Monday, so that ladies wishing bargains must call this week.

SUSPENDED.—The Commercial Bank of Memphis suspended yesterday morning. We publish the card of Mr. Page, as an item of general interest:

Owing to the general financial distress, the extreme scarcity of currency, our total inability to realize on our assets and unexpected disappointment in arrangements already made, this bank is forced to discontinue business. Having done all in my power to sustain the bank and protect its depositors, I regret exceedingly that we are forced to this alternative, but further sacrifice on my part cannot be made in time to avoid this result. I will say to my friends that the assets of the bank are largely more than sufficient to meet all its liabilities, and that I will do all in my power to see that every depositor is paid at an early day.

J. W. PAGE, JR., President.

MEMPHIS, January 12, 1868.

CLOSING OUT SALE.—Our readers are no doubt aware that W. H. Passmore & Co. will on Wednesday morning commence the closing out sale of the stock of John A. Dickinson, No. 256 Second street. The stock which Mr. Dickinson had in store was one of the largest and best selected in the country, and persons in want of carpets, oilcloths, shades, window curtains, frimmings and furniture, cannot do better than attend the sale. In the article of furniture selections may be made from the common split bottom chair to solid rosewood and mahogany sets of the latest and most fashionable styles; and in carpets all tastes and purses can be suited from the common hemp to the royal medallion and Minister carpets. There has never been a better opportunity for bargains in this city, and we are sure that it will not be neglected. Catalogues will be ready on the morning of the sale, which will commence at ten o'clock, and continue from day to day until all is disposed of.

Gayoso House has reduced board from $4 to $3 per day. See advertisement.

CONTEMPT.

Three More Cases and a Fourth Threatened.

Cause for Another—A Letter from Cairo.

Yesterday morning the black-eyed Nondescript shivered into Court, and announced that the four cases against the proprietors of this paper were continued until the 28th of January.

He also ordered a rule to be entered and served upon T. M. Campbell and S. B. Beaumont, to show cause why an attachment should not issue against them for contempt of Court, in uttering, writing and publishing an article in the AVALANCHE, December 10th, 1867. Attachments were also ordered to be issued in two cases against E. Whitmore and *P. A. Tyler*, proprietors of the *Public Ledger*, for contempt of Court, in uttering, writing and publishing an article some days since in said paper.

It was currently reported in court circles that he intended this morning to arrest 'squire Hall, for the publication of his card of some days ago. We do not know whether this is so or not, for he has withdrawn his confidence, and he very seldom tells us the secret workings of his massive mind. Old Greasy Lewis has now entire control of his private cash, and Beaumont may thank him for having been brought within the radius of his great indignation. We yesterday received a private letter from Cairo, and as one paragraph in it is interesting to Hunter, and may also perhaps interest the man from whom he rents his home, we copy it:

CAIRO, ILL., January 5, 1868.

"The only additional item of news I have for you in regard to that rascally old dog, the Radical Judge Hunter, is that Harrell, to whom he owes house rent here, has sent the bill to Memphis, for collection, and has ordered that it be sued upon. Hunter having persistently refused to even notice the many duns which have been sent to him by his landlord."

There is another chance for another case, old dead beat, and we will endeavor to supply you with the materials for many more before we are done with you. There is nothing will save you now but emigration or suicide. We don't care which you choose, but we would like to write your obituary.

INCENDIARISM.

Great Fire at Sardis, Mississippi—The Loss.

A fire broke out in Sardis, Mississippi, on Sunday morning about two o'clock, which was not stayed until a large portion of that beautiful town was in ashes. The fire commenced in Mr. Carleton's store, and was first discovered by Mr. Ballentine, who happened to be up at the time. At this writing there is no doubt but that it was set on fire from the outside by an incendiary. The flames spread so rapidly that some young gentleman sleeping in the back of the building, saved not a solitary article of wearing apparel, except such as they had on when awakened, and Mr. W. Parke Carlton lost a valuable watch. Mr. O'Neal lost all his money, clothing, etc., amounting to several thousand dollars. Carleton's, Ballentine & Wall's, Spain & Hightower's establishments were rapidly consumed, although much of the stock was saved. The flames then spread to F. M. D. Bonner & Co.'s, from which the goods had been hastily removed. The store of Stelling & Hobson on the opposite side of the street, was saved by considerable exertion on the part of the citizens. Webb's saloon, and Davidson & Hiann's store were also saved, the latter, and they soon succumbed to the fiery visitant. Proudfit's store was next, which was saved by great exertion on the part of the citizens, who thus succeeded in saving the Baptist church from burning. The store of Stelling & Hobson on the opposite side of the street, was saved by considerable exertion on the part of the citizens. Webb's saloon, and Davidson & Hiann's store were also saved, the latter, and they soon succumbed to the fiery visitant. Proudfit's store was next, which was saved by great exertion on the part of the citizens, who thus succeeded in saving the Baptist church from burning. The store of Stelling & Hobson, Bonner & Co.'s, from which the goods had been hastily removed

TI[illegible]ANCHE.

[illegible]LUSKEY.
[illegible]Proprietors.

By Gallaway[illegible]

BUSINESS DIR[illegible]

Avalanche Office, in Avalanche [illegible] street.

Appersons & Co., E. M., cotton [illegible] warehouse, 256 Front and 5 Jefferson.

Allison Brothers, hardware, 270 [illegible]

Bragg & Co., D. D., cotton and tob[illegible] Building, Jefferson street.

Benham, Hendrix & Co., rectifiers [illegible]

Buck, Bates & Co., cotton fact[illegible] chants, Cooper Block, Monroe st[illegible]

Bullock & Co., booksellers and st[illegible] 261 Main street.

Buckley, F., manufacturer of [illegible] 261 Main street.

Bourne & Co., James T., [illegible] street.

Cameron & Co., J. H., [illegible] Main street.

Chamberlin & Co., C. F., [illegible] Main street.

Cissle & Co., S. H., [illegible] Jefferson street.

Cisneros & Co., C. C., book[illegible] street.

Cockrill, Chapman [illegible] 261 Main street.

Carrollton Insurance Co[illegible] 261 Main street.

Craig & Co., H. G., [illegible] son Block.

Cubbins, Gunn & [illegible] 131, 133 and 135 M[illegible]

Connell & Eakin [illegible] street.

Cash, J. H., [illegible] Main street.

Cubbins & Goat, [illegible]

Carnes & Co., [illegible]

Carter, [illegible]

Chester, Bries, at Augusta, Superintendent of Messenger Company, who immediately came to Memphis with a detective belonging to the company. Colonel O'Brien and the detective at once set to work to ferret out the matter, and, about twelve o'clock last night, found the greater portion of the money in Wolfe's own house. Upon being thus confronted, the young man confessed the crime. He was brought before Justice Nettles yesterday, and, failing to give the required bond of $20,000, was confined in jail.

Mr. Wolfe has many friends, and this unhappy occurrence is deplored as much by his friends by the company as any one else.

MISSISSIPPI ITEMS.

It is believed that the work on the railroad between Meridian and Grenada will be commenced within three or four months.

Mr. James C. Rogers has become a partner in the *Tallahatchian*, which journal has just entered upon its seventh volume.

The *Mississippi Democrat* is the name of a new paper at Yazoo City, Colonel Garnett Andrews editor, and P. T. McGinley publisher.

Mr. T. P. Lockwood retires, in a graceful valedictory, from the editorial department of the *Copiahan*. Mr. J. F. Vance will continue as publisher.

For nearly thirty years the Lliberty (Amite county) *Advocate* has been published weekly by Mr. A. W. Forsyth. For twelve years it has been carried on and printed by members of his own family, a son and two daughters.

Mr. S. Newton Berryhill, a sprightly and forcible writer, retires from the Greensboro *Vidette*, and is succeeded by Mr. M. Lyon, also a writer of experience and accustomed to newspaper labors.

The Vicksburg *Herald* says: "Mr. G. W. Bolster was shot twice, not dangerously, on Sunday morning last, by Mr. Gherick, in the leg and neck. Mr. Gherick is the party who is here from Chicago for his wife, who he charges is living in adultery with Bolster.

An altercation took place at Peach Creek, in Panola county, on Christmas day, between David Fowler and B. B. Dearing, in which the latter cut Fowler with a shoe and instantly killed. Fowler was tried before an examining court, and held to bail in $500. So says the Panola *Star*.

Christmas night an altercation took place between Mr. Evans Ward and Mr. Henry Livingston, at the residence of the former, near Chesterville, Lee county, in which the latter was cut and killed the latter. On examination, Mr. Ward was discharged.

We are happy to inform our readers, says the Panola *Star*, that General Anthony Foster, who was arrested as the murderer of Dr. Battle, some months ago, has been acquitted by a military commission. Even the evidence of the hirlbed negro sent there by Wiseman could not convict him.

On Tuesday last, says the Canton *Mail*, a freedman was arraigned before his honor, Mayor Bailey, charged with an imprudent exhibition of his partiality for fresh pork. The usual sentence was pronounced. While awaiting his hour for trial, the poor fellow, on being questioned by a gentleman as to how he liked freedom as compared with slavery, repied: "I wish I was a slave again, and back with my old massa."

At Vicksburg as Mr. Schubert was sitting in the door of his house, at eleven o'clock Friday night, he was knocked senseless with a brick by a man who proceeded to enter the house. Some of Schubert's friends coming up before he had recovered, suspected the cause and searched the house in vain. Two hours afterwards the assailant was discovered making his exit from the house, which he succeeded in doing.

The Aberdeen *Examiner* says: "While loss, heavy and ruinous loss, has attended cotton culture, as a general rule, in Monroe county, during the past year, it is a pleasure to be able to chronicle incidents of individual success. Major Sykes, at the meeting of the Industrial Association on Monday, told as of a farmer who had made eight bales of cotton on eighteen acres of poor sandy land, besides a large quantity of corn, but this man depended upon his own labor and that of his children. Mr. Lafayette Willis, who has been one of the most successful farmers on the 'East Side,' informs us that two old men and a woman, assisted by a boy twelve years old, cultivated and saved twelve bales of cotton and seven hundred bushels of corn."

BOOKS & STATIONERY

WILL SHORTLY BE ISSUED FROM THE PRESS OF

BLELOCK & CO.,

THE CAMPAIGNS OF

LIEUTENANT GENERAL FORREST, AND OF

FORREST'S CAVALRY,

An Octavo Volume of six hundred and twenty-five pages.

Sold only by Subscription.—Agents Wanted.

Address BLELOCK & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 316 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

BOOKS & STATIONERY

BLELOCK & CO

WHOLESALE

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS

PUBLISHERS [illegible]

[illegible]ers and Manufacturers' Agents for everything to be found in the trade.

Special Agents for the Publications of

A. S. BARNES & CO.,
D. APPLETON & CO.,
J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.,
SARGENT, WILSON & HINKLE, and others.

Also, for

Fairchild's Celebrated Gold Pens,
Holbrook School Apparatus,
Sherwood's School Furniture, etc., etc.

Our lines of PAPER and ENVELOPE, the best in the market. Every variety of OFFICE STATIONERY and BLANK BOOKS always on hand.

PRINTING AND BINDING

Executed in the neatest manner under our own supervision

INITIAL WRAPPING neatly done.

LAW and PUBLICATIONS always on hand at PUBLISHERS' PRICES.

Remember the old stand, 313 Main street.

BLELOCK & CO.

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

UNDERTAKERS,

37 Union Street, Memphis, Tennessee,

Old Stand of J. & M. Flaherty.

The One Hundred and Forty-seventh Term OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

Will begin

On Saturday, January 18, 1868,

PROF. KERR will fill the chair of Chemistry, Geology and Mineralogy, and competent instruction will be given in the departments of Metaphysics, so that the programme of the Academic Catalogue will be continued until June, 1868.

Board not more than $15 per month.

For Catalogues or farther information, apply to the President of the University. HON. D. L. SWAIN, LL.D.

Chapel Hill, N. C.

jan

WHITE LINE AGENCY.

White Line Central Transit Company [illegible] Jeffersonville or New Albany.

THROUGH Receipts given to New York [illegible] England cities for Cotton and other freights.

Quick Time, Low Rates, and no change of cars. For th[illegible] commence apply to

ROBERT GIBSON Agent,
or LARRY HARMON & CO.,
Office corner Main and Madison streets.

FASHIONABLE

Boot and Shoemakers,

LINKHAUER & BRO. Agents.

THESE well known firm is now located at 264 Second street [illegible] Court and Madison, opposite the bill[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS

PERKINS, LIVINGSTON & POST

Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of

MACHINERY SUPPLIES

And a General Assortment of

Heavy and Shelf Hardware,

Machinists' Tools,

Belting, Packing, Horse Powers, etc.

SOLE AGENTS

Straub's Corn Mills,

E. Carver & Co.'s Cotton Gins,

Ingersal's Portable Cotton Presses,

Lane & Bodley's Saw Mills,

Wood & Mann's Portable Engines.

350 MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

1867. 1867.

GREAT

CENTRAL ROUTE VIA CAIRO.

Illinois Central Railroad and Connections.

"Blue Line."

THROUGH without change of cars to New York, Boston [illegible] and other Eastern cities.

Rates will always be as low as by other responsible lines, and quick time guaranteed.

Through Bills of Lading to all points North and East.

No other freight line runs into or from Cairo, the entire facilities of the roads being devoted to the "Blue Line," which, being owned and controlled by the several railroads forming the route, gives shippers the advantages of a thoroughly responsible carrier.

For rates and information apply to

CHARLES S. SAWYER,
No. 278 Front street.

G. R. DUNBAR. GUS. OWEN

DUNBAR & OWEN

Move Iron Safes, Engines, Boilers AND Machinery of all kinds.

COTTON, in quantities, moved at short notice.

Office, with MATTHEWS & ALEXANDER, 272 Second street.

TO COTTON SHIPPERS.

The Memphis and Charleston Railroad has just completed arrangements to

SHIP COTTON

TO

New York and all Eastern Cities

VIA

CHARLESTON, NORFOLK,

And by ALL RAIL via Georgia and Alexandria Railroad, and will give Through Bills of Lading to all points, GUARANTEEING TIME at the lowest rates, which are given by any other route and with more advantages to shippers than by any other line. Our long and high fast freight schedule having been put in operation, running through without break of bulk or detention, shippers need apprehend no delay. We are determined to make this route what it should be, the shortest, quickest, cheapest and most desirable rise to shippers from Memphis to all points. We have secured the services of P. M. PATTERSON & BRO. in connection with Mr. JOHN MONROE, as soliciting Agents, who will give all information to shippers and sign Through Bills of Lading, at No. 278 Main street; also W. A. LOWE, Agent, at depot.

W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent.
J. C. LOPEZ, General Freight Agent.

D. G. KENNY, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. J. B. PORTER

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 2, Kennedy & Williams' Block, corner of Second and Madison streets, we intend devoting strictly a Real Estate Brokerage in Memphis and its surrounding country, together with Surveying, Draughting and Platting of lands in its various branches. The drainage of swamp lands, locating and estimating of levies, etc., also the purchase and sale of property, will receive our special attention. Using always our best exertion for the benefit of all entrusting us, we hope by promptness and strict attention to business to merit a liberal patronage of the public.

D. G. KENNY,
J. B. PORTER.

DIRECT IMPORTATION

WE have just received direct from Paris, France, an extensive assortment of

Fine French Perfumes,
Pomades, Hair Oils, Toilet Waters,
Colognes, Toilet Soap, etc., etc.,

From the justly celebrated house of VIOLET & CO., whose perfumes are considered par excellence the finest in the world.

ALSO,

Odors of Flowers, distilled by Chiris,

Who supplies the most celebrated perfumers of Europe and America, with these odors for the manufacture of their perfumery.

ALSO,

Lubin's, Condray's and Society Hygienique Handkerchief Extracts,

Essences, Toilet Powder, Cosmetics,

Fine Hair Brushes, Combs, Tooth Brushes,

And every variety of Toilet Articles, which we import direct from the manufacturers, and are thus enabled to sell at prices at least forty-five per cent lower than they have heretofore been offered.

WARD & LeGUERE, Druggists,

Corner Main and Adams Streets,

Opposite Worsham House.

SHIPPERS' NOTICE.

Virginia & Tennessee Air Line

FAST FREIGHT ROUTE

VIA NORFOLK, VIRGINIA, TO

PETERSBURG,	PHILADELPHIA,
RICHMOND,	NEW YORK,
BALTIMORE,	BOSTON.

THE Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company have perfected arrangements to ship Cotton and other products to the East on the most liberal terms and in as quick time as any other route. Cotton will have the utmost dispatch; will not be collected at any point; and will be put through by day and night express trains.

A Line of First Class Ocean Steamers

run in connection with this line, leaving Norfolk at regular intervals for Liverpool, receiving Cotton upon the vessels at Norfolk free of commissions and drayages, and carrying it to Liverpool at the same rate of freight as from other Eastern ports.

For Rates of Freight, Through Bills of Lading, and all necessary information, apply at the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Freight Office.

JAMES C. LOPEZ,
General Freight Agent. W. J. ROSS,
General Superintendent.

A. J. LOWE Agent.

R. GALLOWAY, at the Ticket Office, corner South Court and Main street.

Western & Virginia Tobacco Agency.

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.

IMPORTERS and WHOLESALE DEALERS in Spanish, Havana and Domestic Tobacco, Segars, Pipes, and the largest stock of Meerschaum and Amber Goods in the South. No. 2 JEFFERSON STREET, Bowen Block, Memphis, Tenn. Orders promptly filled.

For Sale or Rent on Lease for Ten (10) Years.

A NO. 1 SAW MILL AND GRIST MILL, in complete and perfect running order, with a large stock of Belting, and a Long Leaf Yellow Pine Body, with shed-roof of Belting, and a good three story Dwelling House, etc., situated on the St. Francis river, near Lisbon.

The Mill capacity to saw eight thousand to ten thousand feet per day, and has under said management, turned out six thousand feet. For further information apply to

THOMAS & JOHN B. LEECH,
No. 2 Front street

ALLISON BROTHERS,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

No. 270 Front Street, Memphis.

Royal Havana Lottery

OF Cuba, conducted by the Spanish Government; $80,000 in gold drawn every one or two days; prizes cashed and information furnished. The highest rates paid for Doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver.

TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
11 Wall street, New York.

INSURANCE.

G. W. L. CROOK,
GENERAL
Marine, Life & Fire Insurance Agent
No. 279 1-2 Main Street.

NONE but sound, solvent and prompt paying companies represented.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Hartford, Connecticut.

S. D. McCLURE,

No. 16 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tenn.,

GENERAL AGENT FOR

TENNESSEE AND ARKANSAS.

POLICIES valid in any part of the United States, Europe and the Southern portion of South America during any and all seasons of the year. oct6w

CAROLINA

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENN.

OFFICE, NO. 291 MAIN STREET.

INSURES AGAINST LOSS OF LIFE.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $500,000

Officers:

M. J. WICKS, President.
A. SEESSEL, Vice President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary.
W. C. McCLURE, Treasurer.
J. H. EDMONDSON, General Agent.
E. WOODWARD, Regular Physician.

Consulting Physicians.

R. W. AVANT, F. A. RAMSEY.

Attorneys.

LOGWOOD & PEYTON.

Directors.

W. R. HUNT,	A. SEESSEL,	F. W. SMITH,
F. TITUS,	E. E. FULLER,	N. S. BRUCE,
WM. JOYNER,	T. M. APPERSON,	N. D. MENKEN
J. W. PETTIT,	J. G. LONSDALE,	M. J. WICKS,
W. B. GREENLAW,	W. L. VANCE,	W. H. MOORE.

The Company is now prepared to issue policies on all the various forms of Life Insurance, and respectfully solicits public patronage

EUROPEAN

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

OF LONDON.

ORGANIZED, 1821

Agency Established at 65 Wall Street, New York, 1846.

Capital in Gold, : : : : $5,000,000
Surplus in Gold, : : : : : 3,000,000

Policies Issued upon all the Improved Plans.

Death by Suicide, Hand of Justice or Duelling does not work Forfeiture of Policies in this Company.

Thirty Days' Grace Allowed on Annual Premiums.

GEORGE W. L. CROOK,
279 1-2 Main Street,
GENERAL AGENT FOR TENNESSEE AND KENTUCKY

TENNESSEE STATE

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

A Home Company Devoted to Home Interests.

None but First Class Risks Taken—Policies Issued from One Month to Six Years.

Officers:

JESSE W. PAGE, Jr., President. J. M. KEATING, Secretary.
A. T. LACEY, Vice President. C. J. SELDEN, Treasurer.
HOWELL E. JACKSON, Attorney.

Directors.

E. M. APPERSON,	GEORGE M. BARTLETT,	
JESSE W. PAGE, Jr.,	HOWELL E. JACKSON	
WM. L. VANCE,	R. H. FARLEY,	
A. T. LACEY,	J. J. PERRY,	
C. J. SELDEN,	M. D. STEWART,	
M. KELLEY,	J. M. KEATING.	

CALL at the office of the Company for full information whereby all real estate insurers can save FIFTY per cent. of their insurance account.

OFFICE:
UP STAIRS IN SELDEN BLOCK, 15 MADISON STREET

HERNANDO

INSURANCE COMPANY

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a general Insurance business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business, to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, President.

Directors:

E. McDAVITT,	M. L. MEACHAM,
D. H. TOWNSEND,	S. B. WILLIAMSON,
A. VACCARO,	HENRY LAIRD.
S. H. DUNSCOMB,	

BEN MAY, Secretary.

NINETY-SIXTH SEMI-ANNUAL EXPOSE

OF THE

TOTAL LOSSES PAID, $21,971,972 57.

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

JULY 1, 1867.

ASSETS—AT MARKET VALUE:

Cash on hand and in Bank	$311,256 [illegible]
Real Estate,	248,000 00
Mortgage Bonds,	495,500 00
Bank Stock,	1,256,400 00
United States, State and City Stock, and other public securities,	1,668,308 22
	$4,979,464 22
Less Liabilities, Claims not due and unadjusted	1,705,900 51
Net Assets,	$3,273,390 81

FIRE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

Applications for Insurance will be promptly attended to.

H. A. LITTLETON & CO.,
Agents.

THE FRANKLIN

INSURANCE & BANKING COMPANY

Have resumed business under the following management:

Directors:

E. T. KEEL,	WM. N. BROWN,
W. N. WILKINSON,	JAS. MALAISTRA,
M. L. MEACHAM,	D. L. STEWART,
	I. B. MERCER.

CYRUS JOHNSON, M. D. L. STEWART, President.

Cashier.

Will receive Deposits, Discount Notes and Bills, and transact all business authorized by the Charter.

Corner of Jefferson and Front Streets, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Something New

IN

SCIENCE AND MEDICINE:

PARALYSIS CAN BE CURED.

WE fully and freely invite all physicians and students of medicine of all schools, and also everybody else to come and examine our invention of a

Portable Equalizer.

We have demonstrated the fact that in Paralysis, Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Wens, Chronic Rheumatism, Asthma, Weak Lungs, Weak Backs, Weak, stiff and shrunken Limbs, Diseases of the spine, and other spinal affections, Sciatics, Rheumatism of years' standing, Spasms, Epilepsy, Palsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Derangement of the kind, Prolapsus Uteri, Obstructed Menstration with all their concomitant Diseases, Impotency and all kinds of weaknesses of the generative organs, can be cured.

Testimonials from hundreds of the best physicians and citizens of this nation.

MEMPHIS, TENN., December 4, 1867.

Having sold all my rights, title and interest to this county of the "EQUALIZER" to Drs. SAMUEL GILBERT and SILAS F. GILBERT, the latter being a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, I can fully and freely recommend them, as thoroughly competent and reliable, to all persons wishing treatment.

GEORGE HADFIELD, M. D.

Dr. GILBERT can be consulted at their office, No. 27 South side of Court Square.

Great Discovery!

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST—A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.—An instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. The instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address

J. AMES & CO.,
181 Broadway, New York.

jan

TAILORS, CLOTHING.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

POWER & McGEOY,

MERCHANT TAILORS

238 Second Street.

Are just receiving their stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

Cloths, Over Coatings, Cassimeres.

Doeskins and Vestings, of Latest Styles.

Which we will make to order at reduced prices. Call and examine our goods and prices and be convinced.

sept

ALEX. MURRAY. A. RIDGELY

MURRAY & RIDGELY.

(Late of Alexandria, Va.,)

MERCHANT TAILORS,

NO. 32 MADISON STREET,

ARE just opening an entirely new stock of

Merchant Tailoring Goods

We make every garment ourselves, and will guarantee satisfaction in every respect

KEEP THE BALL MOVING!

Encourage Home Trade

J. H. WAGGENER & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS

AND DEALERS IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Etc.,

No. 294 Main Street,

Clark's Marble Block.

OUR Goods are all entirely new, and we are determined to UNDERSELL any house in the city. We are no branch of any New York, Cincinnati, St. Louis or Louisville house. We DON'T send all the money we make off to invest in some NORTHERN city.

Our Tailoring Department Cannot be Excelled.

Suits made to order at very short notice and at the very Lowest Prices. Encourage HOME TRADE and give us a call, and if we don't sell you we will. Retrieve your money at home. ENCOURAGE home trade if you wish to have a prosperous country.

J. H. WAGGENER & CO.,
294 Main street.

oct9

CLOTHING

CHEAPEST IN THE CITY

All Cost Houses to the contrary notwithstanding

EXAMINE OUR STOCK

Compare Prices and be Convinced

THAT YOU CAN GET

Better Goods for Less Money

THAN ELSEWHERE.

Cash is the basis of all our transactions.

ROBESON, SNEED & CO.,

No. 305 Main Street.

oct

THE IRISH CITIZEN

A NEW WEEKLY NEWSPAPER

Published in the City of New York

John Mitchel, Editor and Proprietor.

AMONG the other attractions of the IRISH CITIZEN, such as we hope may make it interesting to the general reader, we intend to produce a variety of reminiscences of by-gone times in the Irish world, and some sketches of historical events, and particular biographies of Warriors, poets, orators, etc., intimately connected with the history of the literature of Ireland namely:

Recollections of Thomas Francis Meagher.
The White Boy Conspiracies of 1764.
With the years of Clare two hundred years ago.
Bagnal Harvey.
Fighting Fitzgerald.
An Irish Castle in Queen Elizabeth's Time.
O'Reilly the Grandee of Spain.
Watty Cox.
Charles O'Conor and the Catholic committee.
Thurot's Descent.
Father Arty, etc., etc.

Terms, by the year.....$3 00
" half year.....1 50
" four months.....1 00
Canada and British Provinces, yearly.....3 25
Ireland, yearly.....4 00
CLUBS OF TEN ($2 ROAR, to one address, for one year, each 2 50

Subscription always in advance.
Persons in business will find it to their advantage to advertise in this paper, its circulation being large, and reaching all parts of the country. Terms: One insertion, 15 cents per line; three, six or twelve months, 10 cents per line.
PUBLICATION OFFICE, 31 Nassau street, New York.
Post Office Box, 5514.
Correspondents are requested to address all letters to the Box as more certain of speedy delivery.
Newsmen can have this paper in the city, and the United States, supplied by the American News Company, 121 Nassau street, New York. dec19

IF YOU WISH TO PUSH DISEASE FROM THE system and leave natural conditions, you must use Blood Food Mineral Water.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

THE great need of every Man, Woman and Child,

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

A PERFECT Combination of Iron with Blood basis,

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

KEEP a little with you all the time FOR EMERGENCIES.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

Try it at the fountains,
Try it at your home;
Come back from Northern mountains
And leave the drugs alone.
Come to your land of beauty,
Drink the wine of life prepared,
And you will always be on duty
With a thousand blessings shared.

Try what? STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE. oct2

THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT

No. 94 Camp Street,

J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

THIS popular Southern Journal, established in 1846, suppressed by Gen. Butler, May 12, 1862, and re established October 16, 1865, now, as in the past, a faithful exponent of Conservative Southern sentiment, a reliable record of events, and the ablest advocate of all means calculated to develope the resources of the great Southwest.

TERMS—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE:

Daily—per annum.....$16 00
Half yearly and quarterly, same rate.
Weekly—Mammoth sheet, per annum.....00
Half yearly and quarterly, same rate. oct24

Good News for the Holidays.

Groceries, Green and Dried Fruits,

Preserves, Jellies,

TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.,

AND

Confectioneries in all their variety.

WE have recently been placed in receipt of a large and most well selected stock of FRUITS, NUTS, etc., consisting in part of ALMONDS, FILBERTS, PECANS, BRAZILNUTS, CITRON, RAISINS, CURRANTS, PRUNES, FIGS, PEANUTS, CANDIED PEELS, SAUCES, PICKLES, CANNED FRUITS, TOYS, and a variety of other articles too lengthy for enumeration. We are also in receipt of regular shipments of Oranges, Lemons and other green fruits, and invite the attention of our old customers and the public generally to our stock, feeling confident that our lengthy business experience enables us to give entire satisfaction to all of our many patrons.

Tennessee Steam Candy Manufactory.

Our Candies will be furnished fresh daily as heretofore, and we will continue to sell them at the same low rates. No. 1 articles, and that this fact is appreciated a liberal patronage demonstration.

Particular attention paid to the filling of country orders.

H. BRUNO & CO., Importers,
No. 290 and 292 Second street, corner of Madison

Notice to Parents.

MISS SALLIE CORNELIUS will open a school for Girl and small Boys, January 7, 1868, at the residence of Dr. G. P. EARLY, on Jones avenue, fifth door from Alabama street, and immediately in the rear of St. Mary's Church. dec17

MISCELLANEOUS.

FINLEY'S

CHURN DASHER!

Retail Price Everywhere $3.

PRINCIPAL Depot for the Southern States for "FINLEY'S CHURN DASHER," at the popular CHINA HALL of

EASTLAND, LLOYD & GILBERT,

No. 321 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

And for sale by Agents everywhere.

Agents Wanted in Every County in the United States.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Agents Wanted

In every county in the United States for the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Liberal inducements to active and reliable men.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
321 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.,
Agents for the United States.

Madison, Gibson, Dyer,

Obion, Henry and Hardeman counties, Tennessee, and Marshall, Lafayette, Pontotoc and Yalobusha counties, Mississippi, are open to Agency for the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Apply immediately to

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Colonel W. Underwood,

The popular candidate for municipal honors, says butter is made at his house in less than five (5) minutes with the FINLEY DASHER. W. B. Waldran, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer Memphis and Little Rock railroad, uses the FINLEY DASHER. Ask him if he can now afford to do without it? Dr. J. Y. Cummings says butter is obtained at his house in from three to five minutes with the FINLEY DASHER. Go and get one and try it yourself. Price $3, cash.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
321 Main street.

Young Men

Who cannot make money at clerking, CAN, with a little effor and a little capital, make money, surely and rapidly, by sale of the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Come and see us and we will convince you.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
Agents for the United States.

Get One

Of the FINLEY CHURN DASHERS and try it. If not fully up to representation, return it and get your Three Dollars.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Everybody Knows

The genial "Charlie" Morris. He says the FINLEY CHURN DASHER beats everything in Arkansas. John M. Woodson, of Germantown, is astonishing and delighting the good housekeepers of his neighborhood with the marvelous work of the DASHER. Can't please your wife and daughters better than by selling a DASHER to your household investory. Only $3 00. Agents wanted everywhere.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

E. W. Caldwell,

Shelby Depot, says no housekeeper ought to be without FINLEY CHURN DASHER, and no one certainly write after one trial, for the trifling sum of $3 00. Ask Dr. Henry Dickey Dr. Love and General J. C. M. Roberts, of Hernando, what they would take for their FINLEY DASHERS if they could not get another. Perhaps they would surprise you with their answers. Retailed everywhere at $3 00. More agents wanted.

Eight Hundred and Seven

(807) FINLEY CHURN DASHERS sold in one week—all warranted and not one yet returned. 'Old fogies," don't wait for fear that you may possibly be humbugged. No 'Yankee humbug." If it does not perform all we promise for it, come and get your money again.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

"Western Reserve"

And "Yankee" housekeepers and dairymen pronounce the FINLEY CHURN DASHER the best churning implement yet seen. Try it yourself, and you will be fully convinced

Retail at $3 00.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

2,000 Finley Churn Dashers

To arrive next week. Agents can be profitably employed. Our agents are all making money. You can do the same, if you will try.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

General R. E. Lee,

Of Virginia, has a FINLEY DASHER. Colonel Nath Adams, Staunton Depot, uses FINLEY DASHER. Colonel J. J. Fackler, of Huntsville, Alabama, uses FINLEY DASHER G. D. Winchell, of Cincinnati, says nothing equal to the DASHER. Mrs. A. D. Smith, of Rochester, N. Y., uses one of the DASHERS. Colonel H. K. Strong, of Dixon, Illinois, pronounces the DASHER a success. Dr. J. M. Owen, of Russellville, Kentucky, says it can't be beat. The venerable editor of the Jackson Whig, W. W. Guion, does not hesitate to recommend the DASHER in highest terms. And so will any other individual who will TRY IT. Retail price, $3 00. Exclusive agencies and good terms to the right sort of men with a small capital. Call upon or write to

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
321 Main street.

Exactly the Right Sort

Of men can get most favorable agencies for Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Texas Louisiana, Virginia, Maryland and California. Exclusive county agencies in almost every State in the Union. Good business pluck and perseverance, with a hundred or more dollars cash capital, will make MORE MONEY with one or more good counties in sale of the FINLEY CHURN DASHER than many "overshadowing establishments" with their thousands of capital. If you don't understand this declaration, call and be convinced

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Ask Rev. W. C. Johnson,

Of the Christian Advocate; Colonel R. Whitmore, of the Pulaski Ledger; Dr. R. H. Rivers, of the Somerville Female College; Dr. M. W. Phillips, of the Southern Farmer, for their opinion of the FINLEY CHURN DASHER, and you will soon own one.

Fathers and Sons

Who have toiled all the year long for the "boys" and the tax gatherer, can, with LESS LABOR, with MORE PLEASURE, and with cash capital to the value of one good mule, drive a lucrative business, without rent, insurance, burglar safes, accomplices, Indorsements, or open accounts, by calling upon the Agents of the FINLEY CHURN DASHER, in Main street, Memphis.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Major H. D. Bulkley

Unto one of the FINLEY DASHERS—so do Captain H. H. Potter, Captain Joseph Lesow, Judge Archibald Wright, Major M. J. Wicks, Reverdy Ford, Esq., R. R. Barnes, Esq., H. A. Montgomery, Esq., Dr. A. Buchanan, Morris L. Wood, Esq., and hundreds of others. They are sold at $3 00 retail cash, and guarantee d.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

A Cash Remittance of $3,

Or an order "C. O. D." by Express, will obtain one of the FINLEY CHURN DASHERS, shipped to any part of the United States. Send for Circular with three cent stamp.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
321 Main street, Memphis.

dec3

LIQUORS, ETC.,

H. C. LLOYD, Of Kentucky. JOHN W. WATSON. Of Kentucky. T. H. MANNEN Of Kentucky.

LLOYD, WATSON & MANNEN

(John T. Hillsman, General Southern Agent)

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

FOREIGN BRANDIES,

Wines, Gins and Cigars.

Manufacturers of Domestic Liquors,

DISTILLERS OF

OLD KENTUCKY WHISKIES

In Bourbon and Mason counties.

No. 62 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

Main 231 M St., Memphis, Tenn

N. S. GREEN. DAN ABLE

N. S. GREEN & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Bourbon, Rye and Rectified Whisky

ALCOHOL, PROOF SPIRITS,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

(For Sale to the Trade Only.)

No. 252 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Agents for HATCH, MAURICK & CO., St. Louis Mo.

N. HOFFHEIMER & CO.,

No. 276 Front Street,

Have on hand

A Large Stock of Old Whiskies.

Also a good assortment of

ALL KINDS OF LIQUORS,

Very low to the Trade.

Also the Celebrated BAVARIAN BITTERS.

N. HOFFHEIMER & CO.
274 Front Street.

A. VACCARO. A. VACCARO. M. NAGEVOTZ, Jr. A. E. VACCARO.

A. Vaccaro & Co.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC.,

No. 324 Front Street, Memphis Tenn

GEORGE W. BENHAM, W. R. HENDRIX, Late with Burnett, Hendrix & Walker.
J. P. BENHAM,

BENHAM HENDRIX & CO.,

RECTIFIERS

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC LIQUORS

Tobacco, Cigars & Case Goods,

No. 10 Adams Street,

Between Main and Front, MEMPHIS, TENN.

THE DISCOVERY OF THE AGE

NO material which has ever been discovered has created greater benefits in the household economy than

McGIMSEY'S MAGIC SOAP.

It is a labor saving invention as well as an invaluable remedy in every, small household, conquering all the skin and piles. Dandruff is removed from the head, the teeth whitened and cleansed, pimples and freckles disappear, and the whole family removed from carpets, furniture, clothes, paint, varnish or marble with the greatest facility and without injury to the material. It is a great saving of time and labor in washing clothes. It is the only known soap which will wash flannels with the use of cotton or linen without fulling or shrinking. All these important objects can be effected without injury to the skin or the most delicate fabric. It possesses no deleterious qualities whatever. The world is challenged to produce a soap equal to this in many valuable properties, and which is so innocuous and safe. It is a home invention, and defies competition in any part of the world. It has become a necessity in Memphis, and its use is rapidly spreading throughout the south, and eventually will extend over the Yankee States, North and South America, Europe, Asia, Africa and Oceanica. Manufactured solely by C. P. McGIMSEY, Memphis, Tenn., and can soon be found at any respectable family grocery or drug store. The proprietor is determined that all orders shall be promptly filled, and keep pace with the rapidly extending demand for its use

DOMINION OF CANADA

Province of Ontario,

TEELEE ISLAND, LAKE ERIE

Grape Lands, Stone Quarries, Building Sites, etc., for Sale.

TEELEE ISLAND is situated on the west end of Lake Erie, at the extreme southern point of the Province of Ontario, about eight miles from the celebrated grape islands of Ohio, the Bass and the Put-in-Bay Islands. Teelee Island contains about six thousand acres of arable land, and a large portion of this is now under cultivation in grapes, which yield enormous crops.

Its shores are washed by the blue waters of Lake Erie, filled with the finest fish, bass, white fish, pickerel, etc., and whilst the lake affords the choicest sport for the disciple of Walton, its rich and prolonged summer heats are so genial that we have summer as long as Northern Georgia and Tennessee.

Cotton Ripens in the Open Air.

The finest varieties of GRAPES, MELONS, PEACHES, etc., grow to a perfection unknown upon the mainland. We desire to call attention to the fact that the cultivation of grapes on this beautiful and fertile land, both because it is in that Canada which is the refuge and home of the fugitive slave, and also during the late war, and because from that war's disasters abolitionist families have come to settle upon it, and to make it their permanent home. A few loyal Southern gentlemen are already with us, and it is our desire that a society of this character shall secure at once a peaceful and attractive place of residence. Both for climate and soil we are peculiarly adapted for raising the finest varieties of Grapes, and large fortunes are yearly made from this most profitable product.

Our waters swarm with Fish, our woods with Game, and in Spring and Fall, Ducks, Geese, Snipe, etc., are plentiful.

For Summer Residences,

We offer the finest advantages for health and pleasure combined. A balmy air, the finest and purest water for bathing, boating, fishing